## Part A: Number Strand

N6.1a Demonstrate understanding of place value including: greater than one million with and without technology.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student needs assistance <br> with creating a place value <br> chart to represent quantities <br> greater than 1000000. | Student is can <br> represent quantities <br> over 1000000 in a <br> place value chart. | Student is able to <br> represent a quantity to <br> greater than 1000000 <br> in more than one way. | Student is able to solve <br> problems that explore <br> the quantity of numbers <br> greater than 1000000. |

N6.1b Demonstrate understanding of place value including: less than one thousandth with and without technology.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student needs assistance <br> making a place value chart <br> to represent less than one <br> thousandth. | Student can represent <br> quantities less than <br> one thousandth in a <br> place value chart. | Students are able to <br> represent numbers less <br> than one thousandth in <br> more than one way. | Student is able to solve <br> problems that explore <br> the quantity of less than <br> one thousandth. |

N6.2a Demonstrate understanding of factors (concretely, pictorially, and symbolically) by determining factors of numbers less than 100 , relating factors to multiplication and division, and determining and relating prime and composite numbers.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student is able to <br> explain what a <br> factor is. | Student is able to <br> make a partial list of <br> factors for a given <br> number. | Student is able to determine a set of <br> factors for a number less than one <br> hundred and identify prime and <br> composite numbers. | Student is able to <br> solve a problem <br> involving common <br> factors. |

N6.2b Demonstrate understanding of multiples (concretely, pictorially, and symbolically) by, determining factors and multiples of numbers less than 100 and relating multiples to multiplication and division.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student is able to <br> skip count. | Student is able to make <br> a partial list of <br> multiples. | Student is able to determine <br> multiples for a given number <br> less than 100. | Students are able to solve <br> a problem involving <br> common multiples. |

N6.3 Demonstrate understanding of the order of operations on whole numbers (excluding exponents) with and without technology.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student is able to do <br> individual basic <br> operations. | Student can list the <br> order of operations. | Student applies the rules <br> of order of operations <br> with and without <br> technology. | Student is able to solve <br> questions involving multiple <br> operations. (can include error <br> analysis) |

N6.4a Extend understanding of multiplication to decimals (1-digit whole number multipliers and 1digit natural number divisors).

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student needs assistance <br> to identify a situation <br> where you would use <br> multiplication and decimal <br> numbers. | Student is able to <br> estimate and place <br> the decimal correctly. | Student can estimate <br> and multiply decimals <br> (1-digit whole number <br> multipliers). | Student is able to solve <br> situational problems <br> and/or is able to critique <br> statements involving <br> multiplication. |

N6.4b Extend understanding of division to decimals (1-digit whole number multipliers and 1-digit natural number divisors).

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student needs assistance <br> to identify a situation <br> where you would use <br> division and decimal <br> numbers. | Student is able to <br> estimate and place <br> the decimal correctly. | Student can estimate <br> and divide decimals (1- <br> digit whole number <br> divisors). | Student is able to solve <br> situational problems <br> and/or is able to critique <br> statements involving <br> division. |

N6.5 Demonstrate understanding of percent (limited to whole numbers to 100) concretely, pictorially, and symbolically.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student is able to <br> describe a situation <br> involving percent. | Student is able to <br> write the percent <br> modelled concretely <br> or pictorially. | Student is able to convert <br> between decimals, fractions <br> (denominator=100), and <br> percent. | Student is able to convert <br> between decimals, <br> fractions and/or percent in <br> a situational problem. |

N6.6 Demonstrate understanding of integers concretely, pictorially, and symbolically.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student is able to <br> describe a situation <br> where integers are used. | Student is able to <br> represent integers <br> symbolically. | Student is able to order <br> a set of integers - <br> pictorially. | Student is able to find and <br> explain the pattern on each <br> side of the zero. |

N6.7 Extend understanding of fractions to improper fractions and mixed numbers.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student identifies the <br> difference between a <br> mixed number and <br> improper fraction. | Student is able to <br> represent an improper <br> fraction and a mixed <br> number. | Student is able to express <br> improper fractions as <br> mixed numbers and vice <br> versa. | Student is able to order a <br> set of fractions, including <br> whole numbers and <br> improper fractions. |

N6.8 Demonstrate an understanding of ratio concretely, pictorially, and symbolically.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student identifies <br> or writes a ratio <br> with assistance. | Student is able to <br> express a ratio in <br> colon and word form. | Student is able to represent ratios <br> in colon, word, or fractional form <br> and compare part/whole and <br> part/part ratios. | Student is able to solve <br> situational problems or <br> critique statements <br> involving ratios. |

N6.9 Research and present how First Nations and Métis peoples, past and present, envision, represent, and use quantity in their lifestyles and worldviews.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student needs | Student is able to find <br> assistance to research <br> research on one FN \& M <br> one FN \& M group's <br> understanding of <br> quaup's understanding of <br> quantity but is not able <br> to explain in their own <br> quantity but is not able to <br> explain in their own words <br> or represent. | Student is able to <br> research and <br> present one First <br> Nation or Metis <br> peoples <br> understanding of <br> quantity. | Student is able to research, <br> present, and compare <br> (similarities/differences) <br> between FN \& M group and <br> their own understanding <br> of quantity. |

## Part B: Pattern \& Relations Strand

P6.1 Extend understanding of patterns and relationships in tables of values and graphs.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student is able to <br> determine missing <br> values in a table of <br> values. | Student is able to <br> determine the input <br> rule, and the output <br> rule. | Student is able to <br> determine the input to <br> output rule and graph the <br> pattern. | Student is able to <br> describe the relationship <br> between a table of values <br> and a graph. |

P6.2 Extend understanding of preservation of equality concretely, pictorially, physically, and symbolically.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student is able to <br> explain what equal <br> means. | Student is able to <br> explain equivalent <br> forms pictorially or <br> concretely. | Student is able to create and <br> record symbolically <br> equivalent forms of an <br> equation. | Student is able to create <br> and record symbolically <br> equivalent forms of an <br> equation using a variable. |

P6.3 Extend understanding of patterns and relationships by using expressions and equations involving variables.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student needs <br> assistance in <br> determining the <br> pattern rule. | Student is able write <br> the pattern rule as <br> an expression. | Student is able to write an <br> equation and expression <br> using variables to represent <br> a table of values. | Student is able to use the <br> equation or expression <br> with a variable to extend a <br> table of values. |

## Part C: Shape \& Space Strand

SS6.1 Demonstrate understanding of angles including:

- identifying examples classifying angles
- estimating the measure
- determining angle measures in degrees
- drawing angles
- applying angle relationships in triangles and quadrilaterals.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Student needs <br> assistance in <br> identifying examples of <br> angles. | Student is able to <br> classify angles. | Student is able to estimate <br> and determine angle <br> measures in degrees and <br> draw angles. | Student can apply angle <br> relationships in triangles <br> and quadrilaterals. |

## SRPSD Grade 6 Math Rubrics

SS 6.2 Extend and apply understanding of perimeter of polygons, area of rectangles, and volume of right rectangular prisms (concretely, pictorially, and symbolically) including:

- relating area to volume
- comparing perimeter and area
- comparing area and volume
- generalizing strategies and formulae
- analyzing the effect of orientation
- solving situational questions.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student needs assistance <br> relating perimeter to area. | Student can relate <br> perimeter to area. | Student can relate <br> area to volume. | Student can solve situational <br> questions. |

SS6.3 Demonstrate understanding of regular and irregular polygons including:

- classifying types of triangles
- comparing side lengths
- comparing angle measures
- differentiating between regular and irregular polygons
- analyzing for congruence.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student needs assistance <br> describing regular and <br> irregular polygons. | Student can differentiate <br> between regular and <br> irregular polygons. | Student can classify <br> types of triangles. | Student can analyze <br> polygons for <br> congruency. |

SS6.4 Demonstrate understanding of the first quadrant of the Cartesian plane and ordered pairs with whole number coordinates.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student needs assistance <br> explaining each number <br> in an ordered pair. | Student can explain each <br> number in an ordered <br> pair. | Student can plot <br> points on a Cartesian <br> plane. | Student can determine <br> what scale to use on a <br> Cartesian plane. |

SS.6.5 Demonstrate understanding of single, and combinations of, transformations of 2-D shapes (with and without the use of technology) including:

- identifying
- describing
- performing.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student needs assistance <br> in performing a single <br> transformation of 2D <br> shapes. | Student can perform <br> a single | Student can perform a <br> transformation of <br> combination of <br> transformations of 2D <br> 2D shapes. | Student can interpret a <br> combination of successive <br> transformations of 2D <br> shapes. |

## Part D: Statistics \& Probability Strand

SP6.1 Extend understanding of data analysis to include:

- line graphs
- graphs of discrete data
- data collection through questionnaires, experiments, databases, and electronic media interpolation and extrapolation.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student needs sassistance <br> to determine the best <br> way to collect data. | Student can <br> determine the best <br> way to collect data. | Student is able to <br> use data to create <br> a line graph. | Student can interpolate and/or <br> extrapolate the line graph or <br> graphs of discrete data. |

SP6.2 Demonstrate understanding of probability by:

- determining sample space
- differentiating between experimental and theoretical probability
- determining the theoretical probability
- determining the experimental probability
- comparing experimental and theoretical probabilities.

| Beginning (1) | Approaching (2) | Proficiency (3) | Mastery (4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student needs <br> assistance determining <br> outcomes for a given <br> event. | Student can <br> determine outcomes <br> for a given event. | Student can determine <br> theoretical and <br> experimental probability. | Student can differentiate <br> between experimental and <br> theoretical probability. |

