Outcome (indicator)	4-Mastery	3-Proficient	2-Approaching	1-Beginning
Comprehension CC3.1 Comprehend and respond to a variety of grade-level texts that address: identity, community, social responsibility	Views and demonstrates comprehension insightfully and thoughtfully by:	Views and demonstrates comprehension by:	Views and demonstrates comprehension in a basic manner by:	Views and demonstrates <b>minimal</b> comprehension by:
and make comparison with personal experiences.	<ul> <li>Describing extensive similarities between daily life and text portrayals.</li> <li>Comparing text to personal experiences with insight.</li> <li>Recognizing the wide range of cultures, human behaviour, experiences, emotions, and ideas conveyed through literary texts including First Nations and Métis texts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Describing similarities between daily life and text portrayals.</li> <li>Comparing text to personal experiences.</li> <li>Recognizing the range of cultures, human behaviour, experiences, emotions, and ideas conveyed through literary texts including First Nations and Métis texts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Describing simple similarities between daily life and text portrayals.</li> <li>Making simple comparisons with text to personal experiences.</li> <li>Beginning to recognize some aspects of cultures, human behaviour, experiences, emotions, and ideas conveyed through literary texts including First Nations and Métis texts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Describing limited similarities between daily life and text portrayals.</li> <li>Making vague comparisons with text to personal experiences.</li> <li>Limited ability or inability to recognize the range of cultures, human behaviour, experiences, emotions, and ideas conveyed through literary texts including First Nations and Métis texts.</li> </ul>
CR3.2 View and respond to grade- appropriate visual and multimedia texts explaining reactions and connections as	Determines <b>detailed</b> main ideas in visual and multimedia texts.	Determines main ideas in visual and multimedia texts.	Determines <b>simplistic</b> main ideas in visual and multimedia texts.	Determines <b>irrelevant</b> main ideas in visual and multimedia texts.
well as visual features that convey humour, emotion, and mood.	Records <b>detailed</b> facts and ideas from gradeappropriate visual and multimedia texts.	Records facts and ideas from grade- appropriate visual and multimedia texts.	Records <b>simplistic</b> facts and ideas from grade- appropriate visual and multimedia texts.	Records <b>irrelevant</b> facts and ideas from gradeappropriate visual and multimedia texts.
	<b>Thoroughly</b> identifies design, layout, and other features that help to understand gradeappropriate visual and multimedia texts.	Identifies design, layout, and other features that help to understand grade-appropriate visual and multimedia texts.	Attempts to identify design, layout, and other features that help to understand gradeappropriate visual and multimedia texts.	Ineffectively identifies design, layout, and other features that help to understand grade-appropriate visual and multimedia texts.
	<b>Thoroughly</b> describes perspectives or messages promoted by particular visual depictions in a film/video/DVD or magazine article.	Describes perspectives or messages promoted by particular visual depictions in a film/video/DVD or magazine article.	Attempts to describe perspectives or messages promoted by particular visual depictions in a film/video/DVD or magazine article.	Ineffectively describes perspectives or messages promoted by particular visual depictions in a film/video/DVD or magazine article.
	Views and <b>thoroughly</b> identifies purpose for visual features used.	Views and identifies purpose for visual features used.	Views and <b>attempts to</b> identify purpose for visual features used.	Views and <b>ineffectively</b> identify purpose for visual features used.
	Thoroughly and insightfully compares a variety of visual representations of the same story or tale.	Compares a variety of visual representations of the same story or tale.	<b>Partially and simplistically</b> compares a variety of visual representations of the same story or tale.	Inaccurately compares a variety of visual representations of the same story or tale.
	<b>Thoroughly and insightfully</b> compares ideas and points of view expressed in various media.	Compares ideas and points of view expressed in various media.	Partially and simplistically, ideas and points of view expressed in various media.	Inaccurately compares ideas and points of view expressed in various media.
	Thoroughly identifies and clearly discusses the key visual features such as colour, line, and size of an illustrator's style and how they relate to print text and add to or supplement words.	Identifies and discusses the key visual features such as colour, line, and size of an illustrator's style and how they relate to print text and add to or supplement words.	Partially identifies and simplistically discusses the key visual features such as colour, line, and size of an illustrator's style and how they relate to print text and add to or supplement words.	Inaccurately identifies and ineffectively discusses the key visual features such as colour, line, and size of an illustrator's style and how they relate to print text and add to or supplement words.
	Insightfully expresses preferences for particular texts.	Expresses preferences for particular texts.	Simply expresses preferences for particular texts.	Vaguely expresses preferences for particular texts.

# **Use of Strategies**

**CR 3.4** (b) Selects and uses appropriate strategies (before, during and after) to construct and confirm meaning when viewing.

**Thoughtfully and insightfully** uses appropriate strategies (before, during and after) to construct and confirm meaning when reading.

## Before:

- Uses prior knowledge
- Previews text
- Sets purpose
- Anticipates author's or creator's intention

#### **During:**

- Makes personal connections
- Uses cueing systems
- Makes, confirms and adjusts predictions and inferences
- Constructs mental images
- Interprets visuals
- Identifies key ideas and supporting ideas
- Self-questions, self-monitors and selfcorrects
- Draws conclusions
- Adjusts rate or strategy to purpose or difficulty of text

#### After:

- Recalls, paraphrases, summarizes and synthesizes
- Interprets
- Evaluates message, craft and technique
- Responds personally
- Uses six strands to deepen understanding and pleasure

## Other:

- Think aloud
- View, pause, predict and think aloud
- Collaborative viewing guide
- Directed viewing-thinking activity
- Picture walk
- Viewing guides

Selects and uses appropriate strategies (before, during and after) to construct and confirm meaning when reading.

## Before:

- Uses prior knowledge
- Previews text
- Sets purpose
- Anticipates author's or creator's intention

## During:

- Makes personal connections
- Uses cueing systems
- Makes, confirms and adjusts predictions and inferences
- Constructs mental images
- Interprets visuals
- Identifies key ideas and supporting ideas
- Self-questions, self-monitors and selfcorrects
- Draws conclusions
- Adjusts rate or strategy to purpose or difficulty of text

# After:

- Recalls, paraphrases, summarizes and synthesizes
- Interprets
- Evaluates message, craft and technique
- Responds personally
- Uses six strands to deepen understanding and pleasure

# Other:

- Think aloud
- View, pause, predict and think aloud
- Collaborative viewing guide
- Directed viewing-thinking activity
- Picture walk
- Viewing guides

**Simplistically** uses appropriate strategies (before, during and after) to construct and confirm meaning when reading.

## Before:

- Uses prior knowledge
- Previews text
- Sets purpose
- Anticipates author's or creator's intention

## **During:**

- Makes personal connections
- Uses cueing systems
- Makes, confirms and adjusts predictions and inferences
- Constructs mental images
- Interprets visuals
- Identifies key ideas and supporting ideas
- Self-questions, self-monitors and self-corrects
- Draws conclusions
- Adjusts rate or strategy to purpose or difficulty of text

#### After:

- Recalls, paraphrases, summarizes and synthesizes
- Interprets
- Evaluates message, craft and technique
- Responds personally
- Uses six strands to deepen understanding and pleasure

## Other:

- Think aloud
- View, pause, predict and think aloud
- Collaborative viewing guide
- Directed viewing-thinking activity
- Picture walk
- Viewing guides

**Unable** to use appropriate strategies (before, during and after) to construct and confirm meaning when reading.

## Before:

- Uses prior knowledge
- Previews text
- Sets purpose
- Anticipates author's or creator's intention

#### **During:**

- Makes personal connections
- Uses cueing systems
- Makes, confirms and adjusts predictions and inferences
- Constructs mental images
- Interprets visuals
- Identifies key ideas and supporting ideas
- Self-questions, self-monitors and self-corrects
- Draws conclusions
- Adjusts rate or strategy to purpose or difficulty of text

#### After:

- Recalls, paraphrases, summarizes and synthesizes
- Interprets
- Evaluates message, craft and technique
- Responds personally
- Uses six strands to deepen understanding and pleasure

## Other:

- Think aloud
- View, pause, predict and think aloud
- Collaborative viewing guide
- Directed viewing-thinking activity
- Picture walk
- Viewing guides

Cues & Conventions						
<b>CR3.4</b> (c). Understand and apply the suitable pragmatic, textual, syntactical, semantic/lexical/morphological, graphophonic, and other cues and conventions to construct and confirm meaning when reading.	Comprehensive understanding and skillful application of suitable cues and conventions to construct and confirm meaning when viewing.	Understands and applies the suitable cues and conventions to construct and confirm meaning when viewing.	Partial understanding and inconsistent application of cues and conventions to construct and confirm meaning when viewing.	Undeveloped understanding and limited application of suitable cues and conventions to construct and confirm meaning when viewing.		
	Pragmatic:					
	Recognizes text is created for an intended purpose					
	Textual:					
	Identifies and explains different forms of texts					
		knowledge of the elements and organization of different texts				
	Identifies conventions of texts					

# Syntactic:

• Uses knowledge of word order, relationships of words, and punctuation to determine meaning of sentences

# Semantic/Lexical/Morphological:

- Uses a variety of strategies to determine the meaning of unfamiliar words
- Uses common prefixes and suffixes
- Understand frequently used specialized terms in subject areas
- Recognizes word play

# Phonological/Graphophonic:

• Recognizes features of words including R-vowel patterns, silent consonants, digraphs, compound words, contractions, prefixes, irregular plurals and easy multi-syllabic words

## Other Cues and Conventions:

• Recognizes and uses key features in text including colour and bold typeface