### Part A: Number Strand

### **N2.1a** Demonstrate understanding of whole numbers to 100 by representing and describing.

Beginning (1)	Approaching (2)	Proficiency (3)	Mastery (4)
Student needs	Student needs prompting	Student is able to	Student is able to
assistance to represent	to differentiate between	represent a quantity to	represent a quantity to
a quantity to 100 using	the value of base ten	100 using place value.	100 in a non-standard
place value.	blocks.		arrangement and explain.

# **N2.1b** Demonstrate understanding of whole numbers to 100 by skip counting forwards.

Beginning (1)	Approaching (2)	Proficiency (3)	Mastery (4)
Student needs assistance	Student is able to skip	Student is able to skip	Student is able to skip
to skip count forward.	count forward, but may need prompting (number line or hundred chart) or is inconsistent.	count forward independently or may self -correct.	count <b>AND</b> give the patterning rule.

# N2.1c Demonstrate understanding of whole numbers to 100 by skip counting backwards.

Beginning (1)	Approaching (2)	Proficiency (3)	Mastery (4)
Student needs	Student is able to skip count	Student is able to skip	Student is able to skip
assistance to skip	backwards, but may need	count backwards	count AND give the
count backwards.	prompting (number line or	independently or may self	patterning rule.
	hundred chart) or is	-correct.	
	inconsistent.		

# **N2.1d** Demonstrate understanding of whole numbers to 100 by differentiating between odd and even numbers.

Beginning (1)	Approaching (2)	Proficiency (3)	Mastery (4)
Student needs assistance	Student is able to sort	Student is able to	Student is able to sort
to sort numbers into odd	numbers as odd or even	sort numbers as odd	numbers as odd or even and
or even.	inconsistently.	or even.	explain the strategy used.

# **N2.1e** Demonstrate understanding of whole numbers to 100 by estimating with referents.

Beginning (1)	Approaching (2)	Proficiency (3)	Mastery (4)
Student needs assistance	Student estimates by	Student is able to use a	Student is able to use a
using referent in order to	either guessing or	referent to estimate.	referent to estimate and
estimate.	incorrectly using a		explain how they used the
	referent.		referent to get their answer.

# **N2.1f** Demonstrate understanding of whole numbers to 100 by comparing and ordering.

Beginning (1)	Approaching (2)	Proficiency (3)	Mastery (4)
Student needs assistance	Student is able to	Student is able to	Student is able to order a
to compare numbers.	compare numbers.	order a set of	set of numbers and explain
		numbers.	their strategy.

## N2.2a Demonstrate understanding of addition (limited to 1 and 2-digit numerals) with sums to 100.

Beginning (1)	Approaching (2)	Proficiency (3)	Mastery (4)
Student needs	Students can add numbers	Student is able to add	Student is able to create
assistance adding	to 100 that do not require	numbers to 100 using a	and/or solve situational
numbers to 100.	regrouping.	regrouping strategy.	addition story problems.

### **N2.2b** Demonstrate understanding of subtraction (limited to 1 and 2-digit numerals with answers to 100.

Beginning (1)	Approaching (2)	Proficiency (3)	Mastery (4)
Student needs	Students can subtract	Student is able to	Student is able to create
assistance	numbers to 100 that do	subtract numbers to 100	and/or solve situational
subtracting numbers	not require regrouping.	using a reprouping	subtraction story
to 100.		strategy.	problems.

#### Part B: Pattern & Relations Strand

#### **P2.1** Demonstrate understanding of repeating patterns (three to five elements).

Beginning (1)	Approaching (2)	Proficiency (3)	Mastery (4)
Student needs assistance	Student can draw a	Student can draw a	Student is able to find
to extend a repeating	repeating pattern (3-5	repeating pattern (3-5	and explain an error in
pattern <b>and/or</b> _identify	elements) but cannot	elements) and reproduce	a repeating pattern and
the core correctly.	explain how it is a	and explain how it is a	fix the error.
	repeating pattern.	repeating pattern.	

#### P2.2 Demonstrate understanding of increasing patterns.

Beginning (1)	Approaching (2)	Proficiency (3)	Mastery (4)	
Student needs assistance	Student is able to extend	Student is able to create	Student is able to identify	
to extend an increasing	an increasing pattern but	an increasing pattern	and explain an error in	
pattern and identify the	cannot explain the	and can explain the	an increasing pattern	
pattern rule.	pattern rule.	pattern rule.	and fix the error.	

#### **P2.3** Demonstrate understanding of equality and inequality concretely and pictorially.

Beginning (1)	Approaching (2)	Proficiency (3)	Mastery (4)
Student needs	Student is able to	Student is able to	Student is able to solve
assistance to compare	identify equal and	compare numbers to 100	situational problems
numbers to 100.	unequal sets.	using the equality and	involving inequality and
	_	inequality symbols.	equality with numbers to 100.

### Part C: Shape & Space Strand

#### **SS2.1** Demonstrate understanding of non-standard units for linear measurement.

Beginning (1)	Approaching (2)	Proficiency (3)	Mastery (4)
Student needs assistance	Student is able to choose	Student is able to use	Student is able to
to choose the	the appropriate non-	non- standard units for	estimate the length of
appropriate non-	standard unit but may be	measuring the length of	an object using non -
standard unit.	inconsistent in measuring.	an object.	standard units.

#### SS2.2 Demonstrate understanding of non-standard units for measurement of mass.

Beginning (1)	Approaching (2)	Proficiency (3)	Mastery (4)
Student needs	Student is able to choose	Student is able to use	Student is able to
assistance to choose the	the appropriate non-	non- standard units for	estimate the mass of an
appropriate non-	standard unit but may be	measuring the mass of an	object using non -
standard unit.	inconsistent in measuring.	object.	standard units.

#### **SS2.3** Describe, compare, and construct 3-D objects.

Beginning (1)	Approaching (2)	Proficiency (3)	Mastery (4)
Student needs assistance	Student is able to	Student is able to compare	Student is able to sort
in constructing or	identify attributes of	two 3-D objects using	3 –D objects and
correctly naming a 3-D	3-D objects.	attributes like both are	explain the sorting
object.		cylinders.	rule used.

#### **SS2.4** Describe, compare, and construct 2-D shapes.

Beginning (1)	Approaching (2)	Proficiency (3)	Mastery (4)
Student needs assistance	Student is able to	Student is able to	Students is able to sort
in constructing or	construct and name a 2-	compare two 2-D shapes	2-D shapes and explain
correctly naming a 2-D	D shape.	using attributes like	the sorting rule used.
shape.		(sides, corners curved)	

# **SS2.5** Demonstrate understanding of the relationship between 2-D shapes and 3-D objects.

Beginning (1)	Approaching (2)	Proficiency (3)	Mastery (4)
Student needs assistance	Student is able to	Student is able to	Student is able to analyze
in identifying the	identify 2-D shapes	identify 2-D shapes	and explain the
relationship between 2-D	within 3-D objects	within 3-D objects.	relationship between 2- D
shapes and 3-D objects	inconsistently.		shapes and 3-D objects.

### Part D: Statistics & Probability Strand

### **SP2.1** Demonstrate understanding of concrete graphs and pictographs.

Beginning (1)	Approaching (2)	Proficiency (3)	Mastery (4)
Student needs	Student is able to create a	Student is able to	Student is able to create
assistance to create and	graph <b>or</b> interpret the	create <b>and</b> interpret	questions related to a graph
interpret the graph.	graph.	a graph.	and explain the solution.